Supplemental Clinical Research Safety Procedures to Reduce COVID-19 Transmission



Environment, Health and Safety

General Principles

As clinical research begins a planned, gradual phase-in, it is critical that population density be managed and safe practices be followed to promote the health and safety of all UCSF faculty, staff, and trainees. It is required that all personnel follow, at a minimum, the guidelines outlined in this document.

Health Prescreening

All staff working onsite are required to undergo health screening before performing onsite work each day. Beginning in mid-May, this will be accomplished with a daily health screening app. Personnel who are ill and/or experiencing symptoms must not report for onsite work. Those who have tested positive for COVID-19 should notify their supervisor of the need to use sick or other leave, and notify UCSF Occupational Health Services by calling the COVID-19 hotline at 415-514-7328. The University will follow confidentiality and privacy obligations.

Personal Protective Equipment

- All UCSF personnel are required to wear a face covering while on site, except when alone in a private office, alone in your private vehicle, or when eating apart from others.
- All personnel working in research are required to wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), including gloves, lab coats, and eye protection when working with hazardous materials. PPE must be removed before leaving the research environment.

Personal and Facility Hygiene

- Employees must wash their hands with soap for at least 20 seconds before putting on PPE, after removing PPE, and after removing their gloves.
- Hand soap must be available at all sinks.
- Remove gloves before leaving the research environment. Gloves used for research should not be worn in hallways, elevators, or offices.
- Wash hands after touching any frequently used item or high-touch surface.
- Avoid touching your face.
- Sneeze or cough into a tissue, or inside of your elbow.
- No consumption or storage of food and drink is ever allowed in laboratories. Food and drink are to be consumed outside the research environment, in an area apart from other people.

Maintaining Adequate Physical Distancing

- Work in clinical research locations should be scheduled (assign team or rotating shifts) to ensure reduced population density that allows for prescribed physical distancing.
- When working in a room with one or more other people, a minimum of 6 feet distance should be maintained whenever possible.
- Clinical research teams are encouraged to set up a scheduling system for use of shared areas with other research teams, including equipment rooms, procedure rooms, and break rooms to allow for adequate social distancing.
- Where corridors less than 6 feet in width are in use and another individual is present, the additional person entering the space should seek an alternate route if possible.

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Research Unit Hygiene

Clinical research staff should wipe down and disinfect all high-touch surfaces and frequently used objects at the beginning and end of each shift, using 70% ethanol or 1:10 diluted bleach. High-touch surfaces include, but are not limited to, shared equipment handles and controls, shared computers, refrigerator handles, door handles, tables and chairs in breakrooms, and sink fixtures at handwashing sinks.

Periodic Inspections

Periodic inspection of campus areas, including clinical research locations, will be conducted by the Office of Environment, Health and Safety (EH&S) to ensure adherence to the above requirements. Similar inspections are also performed in clinical areas by the UCSF Health Environment of Care (EOC) committee and the UCSF Health Department of Hospital Epidemiology and Infection Prevention (HEIP).

COVID-19 Clinical Research Safety Survey Checklist

ITEM	COMPLETE	NA
Maintain physical distancing (minimum 6 feet between individuals whenever possible)		
Cloth face coverings or surgical masks (per facility rules) worn while indoors (unless alone in a private office, or eating in break areas apart from others).		
Wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), including gloves and eye protection, when working with hazardous materials.		
Gloves used for research should not be worn in hallways, elevators, or offices.		
Surface disinfectant, soap and water are all readily available.		
Unsafe behaviors observed at the time of inspection (explain):		